Collection Summary
Title: Robert Carter Papers
Span Dates: 1685-1828
Bulk Dates: (bulk 1774-1804)
ID No.: MSS15279
Creator: Carter, Robert, 1728-1804
Extent: 70 items ; 3 containers ; 1.2 linear feet ; 2 microfilm reels
Language: Collection material in English
Location: Manuscript Division, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C.
Summary: Tobacco planter and iron manufacturer. Correspondence, memorandum books, account books, and religious writings relating primarily to the operation of Nomini Hall in Westmoreland County, Va., other Virginia estates, shipment of tobacco, the Baltimore Iron Works, and his affiliation with the Baptists and the Swedenborgian Church of the New Jerusalem.

Selected Search Terms
The following terms have been used to index the description of this collection in the Library's online catalog. They are grouped by name of person or organization, by subject or location, and by occupation and listed alphabetically therein.

People
Ball, Spencer, 1762-1832--Correspondence.
Carroll, Daniel, 1764-1849--Correspondence.
Carter, George, 1777- --Correspondence.
Carter, Robert, 1728-1804.
Dawson, Benjamin--Correspondence.
Dulany, Daniel, 1685-1753--Correspondence.
Fairfax, Bryan Fairfax, Baron, 1736-1802--Correspondence.
Jones, Joseph, 1727-1805--Correspondence.
Lee, Thomas Ludwell, 1730-1778--Correspondence.
Martin, Luther, 1748-1826--Correspondence.
Maund, John James--Correspondence.
Tazewell, Henry, 1753-1799--Correspondence.

Organizations
Baltimore Iron Works (Baltimore, Md.)

Subjects
Agriculture--Virginia.
Baptists.
Farm tenancy--Virginia.
Iron industry and trade--Maryland--Baltimore.
New Jerusalem Church.
Plantations--Virginia.
Slavery--United States.
Tobacco industry--Virginia.

Places
Nomini Hall (Westmoreland County, Va. : Estate)

Occupations
Iron manufacturers.
Plantation owners.
Administrative Information

Provenance
The papers of Robert Carter, tobacco planter and iron manufacturer, were acquired by the Library of Congress by gift and purchase from George Cuthbert Carter in 1916.

Processing History
The papers of Robert Carter were processed in 1976. The finding aid was revised in 2003.

Other Repositories
Other Carter papers can be found in the Rare Book, Manuscript, and Special Collections Library of Duke University which houses an extensive Carter collection, and in the libraries of the Maryland Historical Society, the Virginia Historical Society, and the Virginia Baptist Historical Society at the University of Richmond.

Related Material
The Library of Congress also holds Carter manuscripts in the Benjamin Stoddert and Rebecca Lowndes Stoddert Papers.

Copyright Status
The status of copyright in the unpublished writings of Robert Carter is governed by the Copyright Law of the United States (Title 17, U.S.C.).

Access and Restrictions
The papers of Robert Carter are open to research. Researchers are advised to contact the Manuscript Reading Room prior to visiting. Many collections are stored off-site and advance notice is needed to retrieve these items for research use.

Microfilm
A microfilm edition of these papers is available on two reels. Consult a reference librarian in the Manuscript Division concerning availability for purchase or interlibrary loan.

Preferred Citation
Researchers wishing to cite this collection should include the following information: Container or reel number, Robert Carter Papers, Manuscript Division, Library of Congress, Washington, D.C.

Biographical Note

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1728, Feb.</td>
<td>Born at Corotoman, the Virginia estate of Robert &quot;King&quot; Carter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1749-1751</td>
<td>Lived in England</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1751</td>
<td>Returned to Virginia to manage Nomini Hall and other holdings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1754</td>
<td>Married Frances Tasker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1758-1771 (?)</td>
<td>Member, Governor's Council of Virginia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1761-1772</td>
<td>Lived in Williamsburg, Md.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1769</td>
<td>Obtained part interest in the Baltimore Iron Works</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1777 Established textile operations on his Virginia estates
1778 Left the Episcopal Church to become a Baptist
1790 Became a convert to the Church of the New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian)
1793-1804 Lived in Baltimore, Md.
1804, Mar. 10 Died, Baltimore, Md.

Scope and Content Note

The papers of Robert Carter (1728-1804) of Nomini Hall in Westmoreland County, Virginia, contain correspondence, daybooks, account books, and religious writings. Except for two items dated 1685 and 1828, the collection spans the years 1759 to 1805, with the bulk of the material dating from 1774 to 1804. After Carter's death in March 1804, his son George continued the letterbook to February of the next year.

Carter was one of Virginia's landed elite, a great-grandson of Robert "Emigrant" Carter and grandson of Robert "King" Carter. Although known as "Councilor" Carter because of more than a decade's tenure on the colonial Governor's Council, Carter was principally engaged in managing his land holdings, running his estate, Nomini Hall, and directing his interests in the Baltimore Iron Works. His activities as adviser to the governor are not reflected in these papers. Rather, the collection documents his business and financial affairs relating to Carter's numerous commercial and manufacturing interests. Much of the collection is devoted to Carter's extensive use of the tenancy system on farm lands outside Nomini Hall. Included in the papers are copies of rental agreements, communications to and from Carter's land agents, crop and livestock valuations, production records, market listings, complaints by tenants, and daybook entries relating to supervising diverse enterprises. There is also an annual rent roll of tracts in Westmoreland, Richmond, and Northumberland counties, 1791-1793, and an itemized listing of the names, ages, value, and rentable worth of Carter's slaves. Carter's correspondence, which is also heavily business oriented, emphasizes property management and security and interest arrangements with planters who received private loans.

In addition to Carter's business practices, the papers also reflect his other interests. Carter rejected the established church and in 1778 became a convert to the Baptist church. Both the correspondence and a folder on religious writings document Carter's affiliation with the Baptists and ultimately with the Swedenborgian Church of the New Jerusalem. These connections brought Carter in contact with religious leaders outside the South and resulted in correspondence which shows the political and social views of some of his dissenting contemporaries. Carter's interest in the abolition of slavery, for instance, is revealed by incoming letters which solicit his aid and opinions on the formation of organizations to end the practice. He devised a program for the manumission of his slaves beginning in 1791, a program which is schematized in these papers. Similarly, his theological beliefs appear indirectly in the critiques of his views sent him by correspondents and in sporadic daybook notations on such subjects as the French Revolution.

Among the correspondents in the papers are Spencer Ball, Daniel Carroll, George Carter (son), Benjamin Dawson, Daniel Dulany, Baron Bryan Fairfax Fairfax, Joseph Jones, Thomas Ludwell Lee, Luther Martin, John James Maund, and Henry Tazewell. With some exceptions, Carter indexed his letterbooks, daybooks, and rent rolls. Three letters, written by Carter in 1793 and referred to as the "Toner Transcript" are copies made in the late nineteenth and early twentieth century.

Arrangement of the Papers

This collection is arranged by type of material or topic.
## Container List

Available on microfilm. Shelf no. 16,856

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Container</th>
<th>Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BOX 1 REEL 1</td>
<td>Letter regarding ownership of Metcalfe tract, 1685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 1 REEL 1</td>
<td>Letters received, 1786-1798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2 folders)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 1 REEL 1</td>
<td>Letterbooks, 1794, Apr.-1805, Feb.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(3 folders)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 1 REEL 1</td>
<td>Letters sent and miscellany, 1767-1795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 2 REEL 1</td>
<td>Ledger, 1759-1799</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 2 REEL 1</td>
<td>Daybooks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1774-1775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 2 REEL 2</td>
<td>1789-1792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2 folders)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 2 REEL 2</td>
<td>Journal, 1784-1789</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Date book, 1781-1782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Rent roll, 1791-1793</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Rent book, bonds, and miscellany, 1793-1797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Waste book, 1794-1795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>&quot;Book of miscellanies,&quot; 1787-1790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Religious writings, undated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOX 3 REEL 2</td>
<td>Directions for making Connecticut cement, 1828</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>